

Total number of printed pages-4

**3 (Sem-6/CBCS) BOT HC 1**

**2024**

**BOTANY**

(Honours Core)

Paper : BOT-HC-6016

**(Plant Metabolism)**

Full Marks : 60

Time : Three hours

**The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.**

1. Answer the following questions :  $1 \times 7 = 7$ 
  - (a) Name the type of the metabolic pathway which is involved in the synthesis of compounds in plant bodies.
  - (b) What is the first stable product in the C4 pathway ?
  - (c) Which of the given lights are strongly absorbed by plants ?
    - (i) Indigo and Yellow

Contd.

- (ii) Yellow and Violet
- (iii) Blue and Red
- (iv) Orange and Violet
- (d) Name the enzyme which catalyses the conversion of  $N_2$  into ammonia during the biological  $N_2$  fixing process.
- (e) Name one simple lipid.
- (f) Which enzyme is required for the synthesis of ATP ?
- (g) The end product of glycolysis under anaerobic conditions is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(Fill in the blank)

2. Answer the following questions shortly :

2×4=8

- (a) Write the roles of PS-II during photosynthesis.
- (b) Write a note on ATP as high energy molecule.
- (c) Define aerobic respiration.
- (d) Distinguish between RuBP and RuBisCO.

3. Answer the following questions briefly :  
**(any three)** 5×3=15
- (a) Explain Glycolysis. State its end products. In both aerobic and anaerobic respiration, determine the fate of these products.
  - (b) Discuss the key events and outcomes of the light reaction of photosynthesis.
  - (c) Discuss different types of nitrogen-fixing bacteria and their symbiotic relationships with plants.
  - (d) Explain the mechanisms of enzyme inhibition with suitable example.
  - (e) What is meant by the term 'signal transduction'? What are some of the steps by which signal transduction can occur ?
4. Answer the following questions as instructed :  
**(any three)** 10×3=30
- (a) Explain how the irreversible reaction catalysed by the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex leads to the entry of acetyl-CoA into the TCA cycle. Why cannot acetyl-CoA be used as a substrate for gluconeogenesis ?  
4+6=10

- (b) What is a second messenger? Why do you suppose it is called this? Elucidate the role of calcium-binding proteins eliciting a response.  $2+2+6=10$
- (c) Distinguish between aerobic respiration and anaerobic respiration. Explain the significance of oxygen in aerobic respiration in the context of ETS.  $3+7=10$
- (d) Describe the  $\beta$ -oxidation pathway of fatty acid degradation. Draw the glyoxylate cycle.  $6+4=10$
- (e) Why do you suppose RuBisCO performs more carboxylation in C4 plants than in other plants? Explain the Hatch and Slack pathways with proper schematic sketch.  $4+6=10$
- (f) What are mono, oligo and polysaccharides? Describe their role in plant metabolism.  $3+7=10$